

Session A: System of Systems - Modeling to Guide the Nations Path Forward

(See pages 85-96 in the 2024 ASPIRE Annual Report)

Top Insights and Needs from Industry Members:

- 1. **Technology Assessment**: Focus on **practical applications** of technologies, including **wireless power transfer** and **charging data** collection.
- 2. Cost Reduction: Seek smart solutions to reduce operational and deployment costs.
- 3. **System Optimization**: Address **power system scheduling** and **market design** to ensure operational efficiency.
- 4. Collaboration: Opportunities to collaborate on data sharing and best practices.

Non-Technical Challenges and Barriers:

- 1. **Public Education**: Increase **awareness** and leverage **social media** for better information dissemination.
- 2. Affordability: Make EV adoption more affordable, as it's currently seen as a luxury item.
- 3. **Political and Policy Friction**: Varying government policies affect **EV adoption** and public perception.
- 4. Environmental and Infrastructure Concerns: Address challenges related to power grid capacity, road maintenance, and managing the transition to EVs.
- 5. **System Standardization**: Push for **national standardization** across states to support mass *EV adoption*.

Knowledge Needed by ASPIRE Faculty, Students, and Staff:

- 1. Interface Standards: Establish compatibility across different systems for scalability.
- 2. Wireless Technology Development: Guidance on developing wireless charging systems and securing key materials like copper.
- 3. **Data Collection and Analysis**: Need for **large sample sizes** of reliable data to support research.
- 4. **Battery Lifespan and Recycling**: Address concerns over **battery aging** and **recycling** after the battery's end of life.



Session B: Charging Stations of the Future - What will Define Charging Stations of the Future?

(See pages 97-108 in ASPIRE 2024 Annual Report)

Top Barriers to Charging Station Deployment:

- 1. High Initial Investment: Significant costs associated with infrastructure and equipment.
- 2. Interoperability Challenges: Issues with compatibility between different charging systems.
- 3. Location Selection: Difficulty identifying the right locations to maximize usage.
- 4. Delays in **permitting** and **lead times for transformers**.
- 5. Overcoming public skepticism and **awareness** of charging infrastructure benefits.

Desired Tools and Knowledge for Charging Station Work:

- 1. Tools to analyze **user behavior** and optimize station placement.
- 2. Knowledge of **who maintains** the charging infrastructure.
- 3. Focus on training individuals with high voltage and system management skills.
- 4. Availability of tools for high voltage, high current equipment.

Top Considerations for Charging Station Deployment:

- 1. Choosing locations based on **demand** and **accessibility**.
- 2. Focus on **affordability** and ensuring **cost-effective** solutions.
- 3. Ensuring **power availability** for high-demand locations.
- 4. Infrastructure compatibility: Ensuring interoperability of chargers and stations.

Key Skills and Capabilities for Charging Station Roles:

- 1. System Design and Safety: Understanding how to design and install safe systems.
- 2. Experience: Preference for candidates with relevant experience and credentials.
- 3. System-level Knowledge: Ability to work with complex system infrastructures.
- 4. Local Environment Knowledge: Familiarity with local regulatory and environmental factors.

How ASPIRE CSoF Project Can Help:

- 1. Technician Training: Develop and deploy training programs for technicians.
- 2. Improving charging efficiency and scalability.
- 3. Collaboration with Industry: Act as a unifying platform to connect institutions and industry.
- 4. Promote standardization across charging systems to improve interoperability.
- 5. International Expansion: ASPIRE should consider expanding collaborations to include more international partners.



Session C: Electrified Roadways - The Path to National Scale Roadway Electrification

(See pages 75-84 in the ASPIRE Annual Report)

Challenges in Building and Maintaining Electrified Roadways

- **Technical Challenges:** Maintaining advanced wireless technology and ensuring system durability against environmental wear.
- **Financial Hurdles**: High initial costs and the challenge of securing consistent funding from government or private sources.
- **Regulatory Barriers**: Need for new standards in construction, maintenance, and technology compatibility.

Policy Changes Needed for Electrified Roadways

- **Policy Consistency**: Advocacy for policies that remain stable through different government terms to support long-term infrastructure plans.
- **Regulatory Framework**: Calls for standardized procedures on power output, maintenance responsibilities, and the integration of technologies into existing road systems.
- Legal Adjustments: Necessary changes in road ownership laws and the definition of public versus private road use rights.

Financing Models for Electrified Roadway Infrastructure

- **User Fees**: Introduction of usage-based fees, like tolls, to directly fund roadway maintenance and expansion.
- **Public-Private Investments**: Leveraging commercial interest through public-private partnerships to fund initial and ongoing costs.
- **Tax Reforms**: Proposals for rethinking traditional fuel taxes, possibly replacing them with new taxes tailored to electrified road usage.



Session D: Pathways - Building the Future Skilled Workforce & Informed Public

(See pages 109 to 118 in the 2024 ASPIRE Annual Report)

Training Gaps and Needs

- **Responsibility and Safety**: Emphasis on teaching safety and responsibility across technical roles.
- **Emerging Technologies**: Need for updated training on new tech like lithium-ion battery safety.

Future Workforce Skills

- **Electrical and Technical Skills**: Crucial demand for skills in electrical engineering and technical maintenance.
- **Specialization and Adaptability**: Importance of specialized training in emerging technologies and adaptability to changes.

Hiring Challenges

- **Specialized Roles Hard to Fill**: Difficulties in filling highly technical roles such as electrical and systems engineering.
- **Economic Understanding and Diversity**: Need for better economic insight and diversity in hiring practices.

ASPIRE's Industry Connection

- **Enhancing Collaboration**: Suggestions for better integration with industries to bridge theoretical and practical knowledge gaps.
- Skills Focus: Industry seeks candidates with system-level knowledge and leadership skills.

Market Trends and Opportunities

- **Electrification Trend**: Growing demand for skills in electrification and renewable technologies.
- **ASPIRE's Role**: Recommended focus on filling educational gaps in line with industry trends.